

***DSP/BIOS PAL SYS VLYNQ Device
Driver***

User's Manual

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Preface

Read This First

About This Manual

The API reference guide serves as a software programmer's handbook for working with the VLYNQ device driver modules. This reference guide provides necessary information regarding how to use these modules in user systems and applications.

Abbreviations

Table of Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description
API	Application Programming Interface
ISR	Interrupt Service Routine
OS	Operating System
SOC	System On Chip

Revision History

Date	Author	Comments	Version
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

DSP/BIOS PAL SYS VLYNQ Device Driver	1
Preface	3
Abbreviations	3
Revision History	4
TABLE OF CONTENTS	5
CHAPTER 1	7
INTRODUCTION	7
1.1. Introduction	8
1.2. H/W S/W Support	9
1.3. Driver Components	10
1.4. Driver Capabilities	11
1.5. System Requirements	11
CHAPTER 2	12
INSTALLATION GUIDE	12
2.1. Component Folder	13
2.2. Build	14
2.3. Build Options	14
CHAPTER 3	15
VLYNQ	15
3.1. Functions	16
3.1.1 PAL_sysVlynqInit () - Initialize the VLYNQ control module.	16
3.1.2 PAL_sysVlynqInitSoc () - Initialize the VLYNQ control module	16
3.1.3 PAL_sysVlynqCleanUp () – Un-Initialize the VLYNQ control module.....	16
3.1.4 PAL_sysVlynqDevCreate () – Creates a device reference.	17
3.1.5 PAL_sysVlynqDevDestroy () – Destroys the device reference.....	17
3.1.6 PAL_sysVlynqMapRegion () – Map the memory regions of the device.	18
3.1.7 PAL_sysVlynqMappedRegion () – Return the Mapped Region configuration for Local/Peer.....	19
3.1.8 PAL_sysVlynqUnMapRegion () – UnMap the memory regions of the device.	20
3.1.9 PAL_sysVlynqMapIrq () – Maps the IRQ hardware line onto the VLYNQ.	20
3.1.10 PAL_sysVlynqUnMapIrq () – UnMaps the IRQ hardware line.	21
3.1.11 PAL_sysVlynqChainAppend () –Append to the VLYNQ chain.....	21
3.1.12 PAL_sysVlynqAddDevice () –Add the device reference into VLYNQ.	22
3.1.13 PAL_sysVlynqRemoveDevice () – Removes the device reference from VLYNQ.....	22
3.1.14 PAL_sysVlynqChainUnAppend () – Remove (the tail) from the VLYNQ chain....	23
3.1.15 PAL_sysVlynqRootIsr () – The Root ISR; register it with the system.....	23
3.1.16 PAL_sysVlynqDevFind () – Get the handle for the device.	24
3.1.17 PAL_sysVlynqDevGetVlynq () – Get the VLYNQ for this device.....	24
3.1.18 PAL_sysVlynqGetDevBase () – Get the physical base address of the device....	25
3.1.19 PAL_sysVlynqDevFindIrq () – Get the mapped interrupts of the device.....	25
3.1.20 PAL_sysVlynqDevGetResetBit () – Get the reset bit of the device.....	27
3.1.21 PAL_sysVlynqAddIsr () – Install the ISR for the device.	27
3.1.22 PAL_sysVlynqRemoveIsr () – Uninstall the previously installed ISR.	29
3.1.23 PAL_sysVlynqDevCbRegister () – Register for the callbacks.	29
3.1.24 PAL_sysVlynqDevCbUnregister () – Unregister the callbacks.	30
3.1.25 PAL_sysVlynqIoctl () – Read/Write register of the VLYNQ module.....	30
3.1.26 PAL_sysVlynqClockConfig () – Configures the Clock for the VLYNQ bridge.....	31
3.1.27 PAL_sysVlynqGetForIrq () – Get the VLYNQ for the IRQ.	32
3.1.28 PAL_sysVlynqSetIrqPol () – Set the polarity of the hardware IRQ line.	32
3.1.29 PAL_sysVlynqSetIrqType () - Set the type of the hardware IRQ line.....	33

3.1.30	PAL_sysVlynqGetIrqPol () – Get the polarity of the hardware IRQ line.....	33
3.1.31	PAL_sysVlynqGetIrqType() – Get the type of the hardware IRQ type.	34
3.1.32	PAL_sysVlynqGetIrqCount() – Get the number of times this IRQ occurred.	34
3.1.33	PAL_sysVlynqDisableIrq() – Disable the IRQ.	35
3.1.34	PAL_sysVlynqEnableIrq() – Enable the IRQ.	35
3.1.35	PAL_sysVlynqGetLinkStatus() – Get the status of the of the VLYNQ module...	36
3.1.36	PAL_sysVlynqGetNumRoot() – Get the number of the root VLYNQ(s).	36
3.1.37	PAL_sysVlynqGetRoot() – Get the handle to the specified root VLYNQ.....	36
3.1.38	PAL_sysVlynqGetRootVLYNQ() – Get root for the given VLYNQ.....	37
3.1.39	PAL_sysVlynqGetRootAtBase() – Get the root VLYNQ at the base address...	37
3.1.40	PAL_sysVlynqGetBaseAddr() – Returns the base address of the VLYNQ.....	37
3.1.41	PAL_sysVlynqGetNext() – Get the next VLYNQ module in the chain.....	38
3.1.42	PAL_sysVlynqIsLast() – Is this VLYNQ module the last one in the chain.....	38
3.1.43	PAL_sysVlynqGetChainLength() – Get the length of the VLYNQ chain.....	38
3.1.44	PAL_sysVlynqDump() – Dumps vital VLYNQ information into the buffer.....	38
3.2.	Data Structures.....	40
3.3.	Enumerations	44
3.4.	Macros	46
3.5	Dependency of Sample application:	48

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

Topic

[1.1. Introduction](#)

[1.2. HW SW Support](#)

[1.3. Driver Components](#)

[1.4. Default driver Configuration](#)

[1.5. Driver Capabilities](#)

[1.6. System Requirements](#)

1.1. Introduction

This document is an API reference guide on VLYNQ Device Driver.

1.2. H/W S/W Support

This VLYNQ Device driver has been developed for the following DSP/BIOS operating system and using the TI supplied Chip Support Library. For more details on the version numbers refer to the release notes in the root of the installation.

1.3. Driver Components

The driver is constituted of following sub components:

VLYNQ PAL API's – OS Independent part of VLYNQ Driver Core

VLYNQ CSL – The low-level VLYNQ h/w abstraction module

System components:

PALOS - BIOS Abstraction

1.4. Driver Capabilities

Driver has to be configured by the application. There is no default driver configuration.

1.5. System Requirements

Refer system level release notes for tools and BIOS versions.

CHAPTER 2

INSTALLATION GUIDE

Topic

2.1. Component Folder

2.2. Build

2.3. Build Options

2.1. Component Folder

Upon installing the VLYNQ driver the following directory structure is found in the driver's directory.

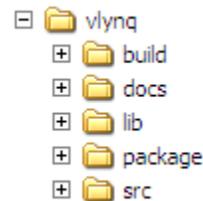


Figure 1. VLYNQ Driver Directory Structure

This top level vlynq folder contains vlynq driver psp header file and XDC package files (package.bld, package.xdc and package.xs)

- ❑ **build:** This folder contains vlynq driver library project file. The generated driver library shall be included in the application where VLYNQ driver have to be used.
- ❑ **docs:** This folder contains architecture document, datasheet, release notes and user guide.

Architecture document contains the driver details which can be helpful for the developers as well as consumers to understand the driver design.

Datasheet gives the idea about the memory consumption by the driver and description of the top level APIs.

Release Note gives the details about system requirements, steps to Install/Uninstall the package. This document list the known issues of the driver.

User Guide provides information about how to use the driver. It contains description of sample applications which guide the end user to make their applications using this driver.

- ❑ **Lib:** This folder contains libraries generated in all the configuration modes(debug, idebug, irelease and release)
- ❑ **Package:** This folder contains files generated by XDC tool.
- ❑ **src:** This folder contains vlynq driver source files. It also contains header files that are used by the driver.

2.2. Build

This section describes for each supported target environment, the applicable build options, supported configurations and how selected, the featured capabilities and how enabled, the allowed user customizations for the software to be installed and how the same can be realized.

The component might be delivered to user in different formats:

- Source-less ie., binary executables and object libraries only
- Source-inclusive ie., The entire source code used to implement the driver is included in the delivered product
- Source-selective ie., Only a part of the overall source is included. This delivery mechanism might be required either because; certain parts of the driver require source-level extensions and/or customization at the user's end or because, specific parts of the driver is exposed to user at the source-level to insure user's software development.

When source is included as part of the product delivery, the CCS project file is provided as part of the package. When object format is distributed, the driver header files are part of the "inc" folder and the driver library is provided in /drivers/lib folder.

2.3. Build Options

This driver does not have any specific build option at the time of writing of this manual.

The build folder contains a CCS project file that builds the driver into a library for debug and release mode.

Following compiler switches are used to compile for different options.

- _DEBUG**
This is used as a flag to compiler whether to include the debug statements inserted in the code into the final image. This flag helps to build DEBUG image of the program. For RELEASE images this is not passed to the compiler.
- CHIP_XXXX**
The CSL layer is written in a common file for all the variants of a SOC. This flag differentiates the variant we are compiling for, for eg - CHIP_DM648, and the CSL definitions for that variant appropriately gets defined for regs base addresses, num of ports of a peripheral etc.
- VLYNQ_INSTRUMENTATION_ENABLED**
This flag is passed to the compiler to include the instrumentation code parts into the final image/lib of the program. This helps build the iRelease/iDebug versions of the image/lib with a common code base
- VLYNQ_LOOPBACK_MODE**

This flag is passed to the compiler when vlynq loopback mode is used.

CHAPTER 3

VLYNQ

This chapter describes the functions, data structures, enumerations and macros for the List module.

Topic

[3.1. Functions](#)

[3.2. Data Structures](#)

[3.3. Enumeration](#)

[3.4. Macros](#)

3.1. Functions

This section lists the functions available in the PSP module.

3.1.1 *PAL_sysVlynqInit () - Initialize the VLYNQ control module.*

```
PAL_Result PAL_sysVlynqInit    ( Void
                                )
```

Parameters:

None

Returns:

Returns PAL_VLYNQ_OK.

3.1.2 *PAL_sysVlynqInitSoc () - Initialize the VLYNQ control module.*

```
PAL_VLYNQ_HND* PAL_sysVlynqInitSoc( PAL_VLYNQ_CONFIG_T*    config
                                      )
```

Parameters:

config The collection of configuration parameters; to initialize the VLYNQ interface.

Note: If the VLYNQ control module being initialized happens to be a non-root entity, then, it is necessary and MUST that this VLYNQ (identified by PAL_VLYNQ_HND) has to be appended to the chain before this handle can be used for any purpose.

Returns:

On failure, it returns a NULL, otherwise, it returns a valid handle to the instance so initialized.

3.1.3 *PAL_sysVlynqCleanup () – Un-Initialize the VLYNQ control module.*

PAL_Result	PAL_sysVlynqCleanup	(PAL_VLYNQ_HND*	vlynq)
------------	---------------------	---	----------------	-------	---

Parameters:

vlynq Handle to the VLYNQ module instance; would have been returned by PAL_sysVlynqInitSoc (). Consequence of using this handle after a call to this function is undefined.

Returns:

0 – On success.
-1 – On failure.

3.1.4 PAL_sysVlynqDevCreate() – Creates a device reference.

PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_HND*	PAL_sysVlynqDevCreate	(	PAL_VLYNQ_HND*	vlynq,
			char*	name,
			UInt32	instance,
			Int32	reset_bit
			Bool	peer
)		

Parameters:

vlynq	The VLYNQ module instance to which a device has to be added; this value would have been returned by PAL_sysVlynqInitSoc().
name	Name of the device; shall not exceed 30 characters and shall be NULL terminated.
instance	The instance of the device; it is 0 based.
reset_bit	The reset bit for the VLYNQ device in the perspective of the system. Valid only for the on-board device. If not applicable, a value of -1 shall be set.
peer	Identifies whether the device is connected to the local or peer VLYNQ module.

Returns:

On Failure, returns NULL else a Valid Handle to the device instance.

3.1.5 PAL_sysVlynqDevDestroy() – Destroys the device reference.

PAL_Result	PAL_sysVlynqDevDestroy	(	PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_HND*	vlynq_dev
)		

Parameters:

vlynq_dev	The VLYNQ device instance which would have been returned by PAL_sysVlynqDevCreate(). Use of this handle after calling this function is undefined.
-----------	---

Returns:

- 0 - On success
- 1 – On failure.

3.1.6 PAL_sysVlynqMapRegion() – Map the memory regions of the device.

PAL_Result	PAL_sysVlynqMapRegion	(	PAL_VLYNQ_HND* Bool Uint32 Uint32 Uint32 PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_HND*	vlynq, remote, region_id, rx_offset, rx_size, vlynq_dev
)		

Parameters:

vlynq	The VLYNQ instance, which on which regions have to be mapped. This value would have been returned by <code>PAL_sysVlynqInitSoc()</code> .
remote	<p>Identifies whether the region to be mapped is on remote/peer or local VLYNQ.</p> <p>A device connected to peer VLYNQ exports its memory by programming the RX Region registers of the peer VLYNQ and imports the memory regions by programming the RX Registers of the local VLYNQ. So, for a “peer” device, it should set the remote flag as true (1) to export its regions.</p> <p>Similarly, a device connected to local VLYNQ exports its memory by programming the RX Region registers of the local VLYNQ and imports region by programming the peer VLYNQ. So, setting remote as true (1) shall mean that the device wants to imports memory regions.</p> <p>The parameter has to be viewed in the context of the device for which memory mapping is being envisaged. 0 (false) => local 1 (true) => remote</p>
region_id	Identifier of the RX region; valid values are from 0 to 3.
rx_offset	The offset of the region in the physical memory map of the local or remote SOC.
rx_size	The size of the region to be mapped.
vlynq_dev	The device instance for which certain regions have to be mapped. This value would have been returned by <code>PAL_sysVlynqDevCreate()</code> .

Returns:

- 0 – on success.
- 1 – On failure

3.1.7 PAL_sysVlynqMappedRegion () – Return the Mapped Region configuration for Local/Peer.

PAL_Result	PAL_sysVlynqMapRegion	(	PAL_VLYNQ_HND*	vlynq,
			Bool	remote,
			UInt32	region_id
				,
			UInt32	rx_offset,
			UInt32	rx_size,
			PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_HND*	vlynq_de)
				v

Parameters:

vlynq	The VLYNQ instance, which on which regions have to be mapped. This value would have been returned by <code>PAL_sysVlynqInitSoc ()</code> .
remote	Identifies whether the region to be mapped is on remote/peer or local VLYNQ. A device connected to peer VLYNQ exports its memory by programming the RX Region registers of the peer VLYNQ and imports the memory regions by programming the RX Registers of the local VLYNQ. So, for a “peer” device, it should set the remote flag as true (1) to export its regions. Similarly, a device connected to local VLYNQ exports its memory by programming the RX Region registers of the local VLYNQ and imports region by programming the peer VLYNQ. So, setting remote as true (1) shall mean that the device wants to imports memory regions. The parameter has to be viewed in the context of the device for which memory mapping is being envisaged. 0 (false) => local 1 (true) => remote
region_id	Identifier of the RX region; valid values are from 0 to 3.
rx_offset	The offset of the region in the physical memory map of the local or remote SOC.
rx_size	The size of the region to be mapped.
vlynq_dev	The device instance for which certain regions have to be mapped. This value would have been returned by <code>PAL_sysVlynqDevCreate ()</code> .

Returns:

0 – on success.

-1 – On failure

3.1.8 PAL_sysVlynqUnMapRegion() – UnMap the memory regions of the device.

PAL_Result	PAL_sysVlynqUnMapRegion	(	PAL_VLYNQ_HND*	vlynq,
			Bool	remote,
			UInt32	region_id,
			PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_HND*	vlynq_dev
)		

Parameters:

vlynq	The VLYNQ instance, on which previously mapped regions have to be un-mapped.
remote	Identifies whether the region to be mapped is on remote/peer or local VLYNQ. The parameter has to be viewed in the context of the device for which memory mapping is being envisaged. 0 (false) => local 1 (true) => remote
region_id	Identifier of the RX region; valid values are from 0 to 3.
vlynq_dev	The device instance for which certain regions have been previously mapped; and now are being un-mapped.

Returns:

- 0 – on success.
- 1 – On failure

3.1.9 PAL_sysVlynqMapIrq() – Maps the IRQ hardware line onto the VLYNQ.

PAL_Result	PAL_sysVlynqMapIrq	(	PAL_VLYNQ_HND*	vlynq,
			UInt32	irq_hw_line,
			UInt32	irq,
			PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_HND*	vlynq_dev
)		

Parameters:

vlynq	The vlynq instance on which the IRQ mapping is to be carried out. . This value would have been returned by PAL_sysVlynqInitSoc().
irq_hw_line	Identifies the hardware vector line (in the perspective of the VLYNQ module), which runs from the device to the VLYNQ module. The valid values are 0 to 7 (both inclusive).
irq	Identifies the IRQ number to which the interrupt hardware line shall be mapped. The

valid values are 0 to 31 (both inclusive). It is the responsibility of the user to ensure that there is a unique irq_hw_line to irq mapping within a VLYNQ chain.

vlynq_dev The device instance for which certain hardware interrupts have to be mapped on the VLYNQ; this value would have been returned by PAL_sysVlynqDevCreate().

Returns:

0 – on success.
-1 – On failure.

3.1.10 PAL_sysVlynqUnMapIrq() – UnMaps the IRQ hardware line.

PAL_Result	PAL_sysVlynqUnMapIrq	(	PAL_VLYNQ_HND* UInt32	vlynq, irq,
			PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_HND*	vlynq_dev
)		

Parameters:

vlynq	The VLYNQ instance on which the un-mapping has to be carried out.
irq	Identifies the IRQ number for which the interrupt hardware line shall be un-mapped. The valid values are 0 to 31 (both inclusive).
vlynq_dev	The device instance for which certain hardware interrupts are required to be un-mapped on VLYNQ; this value would have been returned by PAL_sysVlynqDevCreate().

Returns:

0 – on success.
-1 – On failure.

3.1.11 PAL_sysVlynqChainAppend() –Append to the VLYNQ chain.

PAL_Result	PAL_sysVlynqChainAppend	(	PAL_VLYNQ_HND* PAL_VLYNQ_HND*	this, to
)		

Parameters:

this	The VLYNQ module instance, which has to be added to the chain (away from the root). This value would have been returned by <code>PAL_sysVlynqInitSoc()</code> .
to	The VLYNQ module instance, to which "this" has to be chained (away from the root). This value would have been returned by <code>PAL_sysVlynqInitSoc()</code> .

Returns:
0 – on success.
-1 – On failure.

3.1.12 *PAL_sysVlynqAddDevice() – Add the device reference into VLYNQ.*

PAL_Result	PAL_sysVlynqAddDevice	(	PAL_VLYNQ_HND*	vlynq,
			PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_HND*	vlynq_dev,
			Bool	peer
)	

Parameters:

vlynq	The VLYNQ module instance, to which the device instance has to be added. This value would have been returned by <code>PAL_sysVlynqInitSoc()</code> .
vlynq_dev	The device instance, which has to be added into the VLYNQ. This value would have been returned by <code>PAL_sysVlynqDevCreate()</code> .
peer	The flag whether the device is associated with the local VLYNQ or the peer.

Returns:
0 – on success.
-1 – On failure.

3.1.13 *PAL_sysVlynqRemoveDevice() – Removes the device reference from VLYNQ.*

PAL_Result	PAL_sysVlynqRemoveDevice	(PAL_VLYNQ_HND*	vlynq,
-------------------	---------------------------------	---	-----------------------	---------------

```

) PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_HND* vlynq_dev

```

Parameters:

vlynq	The VLYNQ module instance, from which the device instance has to be removed.
vlynq_dev	The device instance, which is to be removed from the VLYNQ.

Returns:

0 – On Success
-1- On Failure

3.1.14 PAL_sysVlynqChainUnAppend() – Remove (the tail) from the VLYNQ chain.

```

PAL_Result PAL_sysVlynqChainUnAppend ( PAL_VLYNQ_HND* this,
                                         PAL_VLYNQ_HND* from
                                         )

```

Parameters:

this	The VLYNQ module instance, which has to be removed from the chain (away from the root).
from	The VLYNQ module instance, from which “this” has to be removed (away from the root).

Returns:

0 – On Success
-1 – On Failure

3.1.15 PAL_sysVlynqRootIsr() – The Root ISR; register it with the system.

```

PAL_Result PAL_sysVlynqRootIsr ( Int32 *p_vlynq
                                  )

```

Parameters:

p_vlynq

Pass this parameter along while attaching the HWI to the PAL_sysVlynqRootIsr(). It is the address of the VLYNQ handle of the root VLYNQ module running.

Returns:

0 – On Success

-1 – On Failure

3.1.16 PAL_sysVlynqDevFind() – Get the handle for the device.

PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_HND*	PAL_sysVlynqDevFind	(	char	*name,
			Uint8	instance
)		

Parameters:

name

The name of the device whose information is being sought. This should same as that used in the PAL_sysVlynqDevCreate().

instance

The instance of the remote device. This should same as that used in the PAL_sysVlynqDevCreate().

Returns:

NULL, if no device could be found or a valid handle.

3.1.17 PAL_sysVlynqDevGetVlynq() – Get the VLYNQ for this device.

PAL_VLYNQ_HND*	PAL_sysVlynqDevGetVlynq	(	PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_HND*	dev
)		

Parameters:

dev

The device whose associated VLYNQ control module is being sought. This would have been returned by PAL_sysVlynqDevFind().

Returns:

NULL on error or a valid VLYNQ handle.

3.1.18 *PAL_sysVlynqGetDevBase()* – Get the physical base address of the device.

```

PAL_Result PAL_sysVlynqGetDevBase ( PAL_VLYNQ_HND* vlynq,
                                     Uint32 offset,
                                     Uint32 *base_addr,
                                     PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_HND* dev
                                     )

```

Parameters:

vlynq	The instance on which the physical base address is being sought.
offset	The offset (in bytes) into the remote device memory map.
base_addr	The placeholder for the evaluated physical base address of the remote device in the context of the root SOC. The caller manages the memory for this.
dev	The handle to remote device instance; would have been returned by <code>PAL_sysVlynqDevFind()</code> . The offset is being sought for this device.

Returns:

- 0 – On Success
- 1 – On Failure

3.1.19 *PAL_sysVlynqDevFindIrq()* – Get the mapped interrupts of the device..

```

PAL_Result PAL_sysVlynqDevFindIrq ( PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_HND* dev,
                                     Uint8 irqs[ ],
                                     Uint32 num_irqs
                                     )

```

Parameters:

dev	The handle to remote device instance; would have been returned by <code>PAL_sysVlynqDevFind()</code> .
irqs	The placeholder for the identifiers of the IRQ(s) vectors in the perspective of the chain. The caller is responsible for managing the memory. Typically, the caller shall allocate memory for atleast

num_irqs

“num_irqs”.

The number of interrupts to be read; this should be same as the number of interrupts for which placeholder has been provided.

Returns:

0 – on success.

-1 – If the placeholder is inadequate.

-2 – Other errors.

3.1.20 PAL_sysVlynqDevGetResetBit() – Get the reset bit of the device.

```

PAL_Result PAL_sysVlynqDevGetResetBit ( PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_HND* dev,
                                         Uint32 *reset_bit
                                         )

```

Parameters:

dev	The handle to remote device instance; would have been returned by PAL_sysVlynqDevFind().
*reset_bit	The placeholder for the identifiers of reset bit. Only for on board remote devices for which hardware reset provisions have been made.

Returns:

0 – on success.

-1 – Error.

3.1.21 PAL_sysVlynqAddIsr() – Install the ISR for the device.

```

PAL_Result PAL_sysVlynqAddIsr ( PAL_VLYNQ_HND* vlynq,
                                Uint32 irq,
                                PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_ISR_FN* dev_isr,
                                PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_ISR_PARAM_GRP_T* isr_param
                                )

```

Parameters:

vlynq	The VLYNQ module instance for whose associated remote device, an isr is being installed.
irq	One of the identifier of the IRQ as returned by <code>PAL_sysVlynqGetDevIrq()</code> or VLYNQ module specific interrupt..
dev_isr	The OS specific function pointer (ISR handler); the type of the function <code>PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_ISR_FN</code> shall be defined for each of the OS by the user. Driver for the remote device shall load appropriate function instance. The number of parameters in the signature of this function should be exactly same as specified by <code>PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_ISR_PARAM_NUM</code> .
isr_param	It is a collection of parameters for each instance of the remote device driver. The user shall define the type <code>PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_ISR_PARAM_GRP_T</code> for the collection of the parameters for each OS. The only caveat here is that the name of the members of the <code>PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_ISR_PARAM_GRP_T</code> should start (i.e. first member) with <code>arg0</code> (inclusive) and should continue in sequence of <code>arg1</code> , <code>arg2</code> ... up to <code>arg9</code> (inclusive); it is assumed that no OS implementation shall require more than 10 callback ISR parameters. User shall define and specify the number of ISR parameter, <code>PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_ISR_PARAM_NUM</code> as required for a specific OS implementation; this should not exceed 10. For a value, less than 10, the member names shall start as <code>arg0</code> , <code>arg1</code> ... up to <code>arg< PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_ISR_PARAM_NUM- 1></code> . The keywords for member names here are <code>arg0</code> , <code>arg1</code> , <code>arg2</code> , <code>arg3</code> , <code>arg4</code> , <code>arg5</code> , <code>arg6</code> , <code>arg7</code> , <code>arg8</code> and <code>arg9</code> .

Returns:

- 0 – On Success
- 1 – Error

3.1.24 PAL_sysVlynqDevCbUnregister() – Unregister the callbacks.

PAL_Result	PAL_sysVlynqDevCbUnregister	(	PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_HND*	dev,
			void*	this_driver
)		

Parameters:

dev	The handle to remote device instance; as returned by PAL_sysVlynqDevFind().
this_driver	The driver instance, which is registered for the callbacks from the VLYNQ implementation.

Returns:

0 – on success.

-1 – Error.

3.1.25 PAL_sysVlynqIoctl() – Read/Write register of the VLYNQ module.

PAL_Result	PAL_sysVlynqIoctl	(	PAL_VLYNQ_HND*	vlynq,
			Uint32	cmd,
			Uint32	command_val
)		

Parameters:

vlynq	The VLYNQ module instance, whose register has to be controlled; this value would have been returned by PAL_sysVlynqInitSoc().
cmd	Various read and write commands to be carried out. Refer below for the 32 bit break up of the command.
Command_val	For write command(s) this provides the value to be written and for read operations it provides the placeholder for the value to be read.

Returns:

0 – on success.

-1 – On failure.

32 bit Command :

31:Bit Op	30: RW*	29: Peer	28-24 Reserved	23-16 Major id	15-8 Reserved	7-0 Minor id
-----------	---------	----------	-------------------	-------------------	------------------	-----------------

If Bit Op is not set, the major id identifies the commands for raw 32-bit accesses or any specific operation. For now, if major command is 32 bit accesses, then register id refer to minor id otherwise minor id are don't care.

If Bit Op is set, the major id identifies a specific register for a select bit operation. Minor id then shall identify the registers.

3.1.26 PAL_sysVlynqClockConfig() – Configures the Clock for the VLYNQ bridge.

PAL_Result	PAL_sysVlynqConfigClock (	PAL_VLYNQ_HND*	vlynq,
		PAL_VLYNQ_CLOCK_DIR_ENUM_T	local_clock_dir,
		PAL_VLYNQ_CLOCK_DIR_ENUM_T	peer_clock_dir,
		UInt8	local_clock_div,
		UInt8	peer_clock_div,
)		

Parameters:

vlynq	The VLYNQ module instance, whose register has to be controlled; this value would have been returned by PAL_sysVlynqInitSoc().
local_clock_dir	The clock direction for the local VLYNQ. Refer to
peer_clock_dir	The clock direction for the peer VLYNQ. Refer to
local_clock_div	The divisor for the local clock. Valid values are 1 to 255.
peer_clock_div	The divisor for the peer clock. Valid values are 1 to 255.

Returns:

0 – on success.
-1 – On failure.

3.1.27 PAL_sysVlynqGetForIrq() – Get the VLYNQ for the IRQ.

```

PAL_VLYNQ_HND* PAL_sysVlynqGetForIrq ( PAL_VLYNQ_HND*      root,
                                       Uint32          irq
                                       )

```

Parameters:

root	The VLYNQ chain identifier (the root VLYNQ); the interrupt numbers are unique with in a chain.
irq	The interrupt number whose association with a VLYNQ module is being sought. The valid values are 0 to 31 (both inclusive).

Returns:

0 – on success.
-1 – Error.

3.1.28 PAL_sysVlynqSetIrqPol() – Set the polarity of the hardware IRQ line.

```

PAL_Result PAL_sysVlynqSetIrqPol ( PAL_VLYNQ_HND*      vlynq,
                                   Uint32          irq,
                                   PAL_VLYNQ_IRQ_POL_ENUM *polarity
                                   _T
                                   )

```

Parameters:

vlynq	The VLYNQ instance whose hardware interrupt line is to be set for polarity; .
irq	The interrupt number representing the mapped interrupt hardware line on the VLYNQ module. This should be unique for a given VLYNQ chain.
polarity	The polarity of the line.

Returns:

0 – on success.
-1 – Error.

3.1.29 PAL_sysVlynqSetIrqType() - Set the type of the hardware IRQ line.

```

PAL_Result PAL_sysVlynqSetIrqType ( PAL_VLYNQ_HND*          vlynq,
                                     Uint32                    irq,
                                     PAL_VLYNQ_IRQ_TYPE_ENUM_T type
                                     )

```

Parameters:

vlynq	The VLYNQ instance whose hardware interrupt line is to be set for trigger type.
irq	The interrupt number representing the mapped interrupt hardware line on the VLYNQ module. This should be unique for a given VLYNQ chain.
type	The type of the interrupt line.

Returns:

0 – on success.
-1 – Error.

3.1.30 PAL_sysVlynqGetIrqPol () – Get the polarity of the hardware IRQ line.

```

PAL_Result PAL_sysVlynqGetIrqPol ( PAL_VLYNQ_HND*          vlynq,
                                    Uint32                    irq,
                                    PAL_VLYNQ_IRQ_POL_ENUM_T* polarity
                                    )

```

Parameters:

vlynq	The VLYNQ instance whose hardware interrupt line is to be looked up for polarity setting.
Irq	The interrupt number representing the mapped interrupt hardware line on the VLYNQ module. This should be unique for a given VLYNQ chain.
polarity	The polarity of the line. The caller manages memory.

Returns:

0 – on success.
-1 – Error.

3.1.31 PAL_sysVlynqGetIrqType() – Get the type of the hardware IRQ type.

```

PAL_Result PAL_sysVlynqGetIrqType ( PAL_VLYNQ_HND*          vlynq,
                                   Uint32                    irq,
                                   PAL_VLYNQ_IRQ_POL_ENUM    type
                                   _T*
                                   )

```

Parameters:

vlynq	The VLYNQ instance whose hardware interrupt line is being looked up for trigger type.
irq	The interrupt number representing the mapped interrupt hardware line on the VLYNQ module. This should be unique for a given VLYNQ chain.
type	The type of the interrupt line. The caller manages memory.

Returns:

0 – on success.

-1 – Error.

3.1.32 PAL_sysVlynqGetIrqCount() – Get the number of times this IRQ occurred.

```

Uint32 PAL_sysVlynqGetIrqCount ( PAL_VLYNQ_HND*          vlynq,
                                 Uint32                    irq
                                 Uint32                    *count
                                 )

```

Parameters:

vlynq	The VLYNQ module instance for whose associated “irq” has to be queried for number of dispatches so far.
irq	The interrupt number representing the mapped interrupt hardware line on the VLYNQ module. This should be unique for a given VLYNQ chain.
count	Placeholder to store the number of times the interrupt “irq” has been raised. The value in the placeholder is valid only if the function returns success.

Returns:

0 – on success.

-1 – Error.

3.1.35 *PAL_sysVlynqGetLinkStatus()* – Get the status of the of the VLYNQ module.

Bool	PAL_sysVlynqGetLinkStatus (	PAL_VLYNQ_HND*	vlynq
)

Parameters:

vlynq	The VLYNQ module instance, whose link status with the peer is being requested.
-------	--

Returns:

1 – on link.
0 – on link failure.

3.1.36 *PAL_sysVlynqGetNumRoot()* – Get the number of the root VLYNQ(s).

Int32	PAL_sysVlynqGetNumRoot (	void
)

Returns:

The number of root VLYNQ modules on the SOC.

A value of 0 means no VLYNQ.

1 means a root index of 0,

2 mean indices 0 and 1.

3.1.37 *PAL_sysVlynqGetRoot()* – Get the handle to the specified root VLYNQ.

PAL_VLYNQ_HND*	PAL_sysVlynqGetRoot (	Int32	index
)

Parameters:

index	0 based. Starts at 0 and extends to (inclusive of) one less number of roots returned by <code>PAL_sysVlynqGetNumRoot()</code>
-------	---

Returns:

NULL, on failure otherwise a valid handle to access the root VLYNQ module.

3.1.38 *PAL_sysVlynqGetRootVLYNQ()* – Get root for the given VLYNQ.

PAL_VLYNQ_HND*	PAL_sysVlynqGetRoot	(	PAL_VLYNQ_HND*	vlynq
)		

Parameters:

vlynq	Handle to the VLYNQ whose root is being sought.
--------------	---

Returns:

NULL, on failure otherwise a valid handle, to access the root VLYNQ module.

3.1.39 *PAL_sysVlynqGetRootAtBase()* – Get the root VLYNQ at the base address.

PAL_VLYNQ_HND*	PAL_sysVlynqGetRootAtBase	(	Uint32	base_addr
)		

Parameters:

base_addr	The virtual base address of the VLYNQ module on the SOC.
------------------	--

Returns:

NULL, on failure otherwise a valid handle to access the root VLYNQ module.

3.1.40 *PAL_sysVlynqGetBaseAddr()* – Returns the base address of the VLYNQ.

PAL_Result	PAL_sysVlynqGetBaseAddr	(	PAL_VLYNQ_HND*	vlynq,
		)	Uint32	*base_addr

Parameters:

vlynq	The Vlynq module whose base address is being sought.
--------------	--

base_addr	The placeholder for the virtual base address of the VLYNQ module on the SOC.
------------------	--

Returns:

0 on success

-1 on failure.

3.1.41 *PAL_sysVlynqGetNext()* – Get the next VLYNQ module in the chain.

PAL_VLYNQ_HND*	PAL_sysVlynqGetNext (PAL_VLYNQ_HND*	this
)	

Parameters:

this	The VLYNQ module instance whose next chained entity (away from the root) is being sought.
------	---

Returns:

NULL, on failure otherwise a valid handle to access the neighbor module.

3.1.42 *PAL_sysVlynqIsLast()* – Is this VLYNQ module the last one in the chain.

Int32	PAL_sysVlynqIsLast (PAL_VLYNQ_HND*	this
)	

Parameters:

this	The VLYNQ module instance to be ascertained whether last in the chain (away from the root).
------	---

Returns:

0 – on false.

1 – on true.

3.1.43 *PAL_sysVlynqGetChainLength()* – Get the length of the VLYNQ chain.

Int32	PAL_sysVlynqGetChainLength (PAL_VLYNQ_HND*	this
)	

Parameters:

this	The starting VLYNQ module instance inclusive of which, the number of VLYNQ modules existing in the chain (away from root) is being sought.
------	--

If this happens to be the root VLYNQ module, then the length of the entire chain is ascertained.

Returns:

The number of VLYNQ modules in the chain (away from the root).

3.1.44 *PAL_sysVlynqDump()* – Dumps vital VLYNQ information into the buffer.

```

Int32      PAL_sysVlynqDump      (  PAL_VLYNQ_HND*      vlynq,
                                     Uint32      dump_type,
                                     char*      buf,
                                     Int32      limit,
                                     Int32*     eof
                                     )

```

Parameters:

vlynq	The vlynq instance for which the dump has to be provided.
dump_type	Identifies the information being sought. Some of the commands can be raw byte dump of the hardware, complete chain dump, raw register values or specific register value with enumeration such as status register or control register.
buf	The placeholder for the buffer. After the function, the buffer can be printed out for reading and information.
limit	The size of the buffer. It is strongly recommended to provide a buffer of at least 4096 bytes.
eof	Whether the buffer was insufficient.

Returns:

The number of bytes that have been formatted and placed in the buffer.

-1 on error.

3.2. Data Structures

This section lists the data structures available in the VLYNQ module.

```

typedef struct pal_vlynq_t
{
    Uint32                base;
    Bool                  soc;
    Uint32                vlynq_version;
    Uint32                timeout_ms;
    struct pal_vlynq_t    *next;
    struct pal_vlynq_t    *prev;
    PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_HND     *local_dev[MAX_DEV_PER_VLYNQ];
    PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_HND     *peer_dev[MAX_DEV_PER_VLYNQ];
    PAL_VLYNQ_REGION_INFO_T local_region_info[MAX_VLYNQ_REGION];
    PAL_VLYNQ_REGION_INFO_T remote_region_info[MAX_VLYNQ_REGION];
    PAL_VLYNQ_IRQ_MAP_T   *root_irq_map;
    PAL_VLYNQ_IRQ_INFO_T  *root_irq_info;
    PAL_VLYNQ_ISR_INFO_T  *local_isr_info;
    PAL_VLYNQ_ISR_INFO_T  *peer_isr_info;
    Uint32                backup_local_cntl_word;
    Uint32                backup_local_intr_ptr;
    Uint32                backup_local_tx_map;
    Uint32                backup_local_endian;
    Uint32                backup_peer_cntl_word;
    Uint32                backup_peer_intr_ptr;
    Uint32                backup_peer_tx_map;
    Uint32                backup_peer_endian;
    Int8                  local_irq;
    Int8                  peer_irq;
    Bool                  local_swap;
    Bool                  peer_swap;
} PAL_VLYNQ_T;

typedef struct pal_vlynq_region_info_t
{
    Int8                owner_dev_index;
    Bool                owner_dev_locale;
} PAL_VLYNQ_REGION_INFO_T;

typedef struct pal_vlynq_dev_cb_t
{
    PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_CB_FN cb_fn;
    void                *cb_param;
    struct pal_vlynq_dev_cb_t *next;
} PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_CB_T;

```

```
typedef struct pal_vlynq_dev_t
{
```

```
    Char                name [32];
    PAL_VLYNQ_HND      *vlynq;
    struct pal_vlynq_dev_t *next;
    Uint8              reset_bit;
    Uint8              irq_count;
    Uint8              instance;
    Bool               peer;
    Int8               irq [8];
    PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_CB_T *dev_cb;
```

```
} PAL_VLYNQ_DEV_T;
```

```
typedef struct pal_vlynq_ioctl_info
{
```

```
    Int16              id;
    Uint16             offset; /* Register offset or bit offset. */
    const char         *name;
    Uint32             mask;
    Uint32             start_revision;
    Uint32             end_revision;
    Uint8              access_flags; /* 0x01 - write, otherwise read,
    can be enhanced later. */
```

```
} PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_INFO_T;
```

Data Fields

```
PAL_VLYNQ_INIT_ERR_ENUM_T error_status
Uint8                     on_soc
char                      error_msg[50]
Uint32                    base_addr
Uint32                    init_timeout_in_ms
Uint8                     local_clock_div
PAL_VLYNQ_CLOCK_DIR_ENUM_T local_clock_dir
Uint8                     local_intr_local

Uint8                     local_intr_vector
Uint8                     local_intr_enable
Uint8                     local_int2cfg
Uint32                    local_intr_pointer
PAL_VLYNQ_ENDIAN_ENUM_T  local_endianness
Uint32                    local_tx_addr
PAL_VLYNQ_RTM_CFG_ENUM_T local_rtm_cfg_type
Uint8                     local_rtm_sample_value
```

Bool	local_tx_fast_path
UInt8	peer_clock_div
PAL_VLYNQ_CLOCK_DIR_ENUM_T	peer_clock_dir
UInt8	peer_intr_local
UInt8	peer_intr_enable
UInt8	peer_intr_vector
UInt8	peer_int2cfg
UInt32	peer_intr_pointer
PAL_VLYNQ_ENDIAN_ENUM_T	peer_endianness
UInt32	peer_tx_addr
PAL_VLYNQ_RTM_CFG_ENUM_T	peer_rtm_cfg_type
UInt8	peer_rtm_sample_value
Bool	peer_tx_fast_path
Bool	init_swap_flag

Detailed Description:

VLYNQ driver configuration.

Field Documentation

UInt8 on_soc
the VLYNQ module is on the SOC.

UInt32 base_addr. init_timeout_in_ms
Virtual Base Address of the module. UInt32
The number of millsecs that the software should allow for initialization to complete.

UInt8 local_clock_div
The clock divisor for the local VLYNQ module.

PAL_VLYNQ_CLOCK_DIR_ENUM_T local_clock_dir
The clock direction; sink or source for the local VLYNQ module.

UInt8 local_intr_local
Interrupts are being handled locally or sent over BUS.

UInt8 local_intr_vector
The IRQ vector to be used on the local VLYNQ module. Valid values are 0 to 31.

UInt8 local_intr_enable

UInt8 local_int2cfg
Local VLYNQ interrupt pending register.

UInt32 local_intr_pointer
Address to which the irq should be written to, valid only if int2cfg is not set.

PAL_VLYNQ_ENDIAN_ENUM_T local_endianness
Endianness of the local VLYNQ module.

UInt32 local_tx_addr
The physical portal address of the local VLYNQ.

PAL_VLYNQ_RTM_CFG_ENUM_T local_rtm_cfg_type
The RTM configuration for the local VLYNQ.

UInt8 local_rtm_sample_value
The RTM sample value for the local VLYNQ.

Bool local_tx_fast_path
TX Fast path.

UInt8 peer_clock_div
The clock divisor for the peer VLYNQ module.

PAL_VLYNQ_CLOCK_DIR_ENUM_T peer_clock_dir
The clock direction - sink or source for the peer VLYNQ module.

UInt8 peer_intr_local
Interrupts are being handled by peer VLYNQ.

UInt8 peer_intr_enable
Enable the peer irq vector.

UInt8 peer_intr_vector
The IRQ vector to be used on the peer VLYNQ module.

UInt8 peer_int2cfg
The local VLYNQ interrupt pending register.

UInt32 peer_intr_pointer
Address to which the irq should be written.

PAL_VLYNQ_ENDIAN_ENUM_T peer_endianness
Endianness of the local VLYNQ module.

UInt32 peer_tx_addr
The physical portal address of the peer VLYNQ.

PAL_VLYNQ_RTM_CFG_ENUM_T peer_rtm_cfg_type
The RTM configuration for the peer VLYNQ.

uint8_t peer_rtm_sample_value
The RTM sample value for the local VLYNQ.

bool peer_tx_fast_path
TX Fast path.

bool init_swap_flag
Is the Vlynq module in Endian swapped state to begin with

3.3. Enumerations

This section lists the enumerations available in the PSP module.

enum PAL_VLYNQ_CLOCK_DIR_ENUM_T

Enumeration values:

pal_vlynq_clk_in Sink Direction
pal_vlynq_clk_out Source Direction

enum PAL_VLYNQ_ENDIAN_ENUM_T

Enumeration values:

pal_vlynq_ignore_en Ignore the endian.
pal_vlynq_little_en Little Endian
pal_vlynq_big_en Big Endian

enum PAL_VLYNQ_RTM_CFG_ENUM_T

Enumeration values:

no_rtm_cfg No Configuration
rtm_auto_select_sample_val Auto Configuration
rtm_force_sample_val Force Configuration

enum PAL_VLYNQ_INIT_ERR_ENUM_T

Enumeration values:

pal_vlynq_init_success Initialization Success.
pal_vlynq_init_no_link_on_reset Initialization link on Reset.
pal_vlynq_init_no_mem Initialization No meaning.
pal_vlynq_init_clk_cfg Initialization clock configuration
pal_vlynq_init_no_link_on_clk_cfg Initialization no link on config. clock
pal_vlynq_init_internal_problem Initialization internal Error
pal_vlynq_init_invalid_param Initialization invalid param
pal_vlynq_init_local_high_rev Initialization Local high rev.
pal_vlynq_init_peer_high_rev Initialization Peer high rev.
pal_vlynq_init_rtm_cfg Initialization of RTM configuration
pal_vlynq_init_no_link_on_rtm_cfg Initialization no link on RTM config.

enum PAL_VLYNQ_IRQ_POL_ENUM_T

Enumeration values:

pal_vlynq_high_irq_pol High IRQ Pol.

pal_vlynq_low_irq_pol Low IRQ Pol.

enum PAL_VLYNQ_IRQ_TYPE_ENUM_T

Enumeration values:

pal_vlynq_level_irq_type VLYNQ IRQ Level

pal_vlynq_edge_irq_type VLYNQ Edge Type.

3.4. Macros

This section lists the macros available in the PSP module.

```

#define MAX_VLYNQ_REGION          4
Maximum vlynq memory region

#define MAX_DEV_PER_VLYNQ MAX_VLYNQ_REGION
Maximum device per vlynq interface.

#define MAX_DEV_COUNT (2u)
Maximum device count per vlynq interface in DM648 SOC.

#define MAX_IRQ_PER_CHAIN       32
Device IRQ per chain.

#define MAX_IRQ_PER_VLYNQ       8
Number IRQ per VLYNQ .

#define TYPICAL_NUM_ISR_PER_IRQ 1
Number of ISR per IRQ.

#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_BIT_CMD      (1 << 31)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_READ_CMD     (1 << 30)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_REMOTE_CMD   (1 << 29)

#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_MAJOR_VAL(val) ((val & 0xff) << 16)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_MAJOR_DE_VAL(cmd) ((cmd >> 16) & 0xff)

#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_MINOR_VAL(val) (val & 0xff)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_MINOR_DE_VAL(cmd) (cmd & 0xff)

/* Major commads; if bit option is not selected. */
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_REG_CMD      (0x00) /* Shall use vlynq regs
as minor cmd*/
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_PREP_LINK_DOWN (0x01) /* Prepare to teardown
the link. */
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_PREP_LINK_UP (0x02) /* Setup now the link is up. */
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_CLEAR_INTERRN_ERR (0x03) /*Clear internal interrupt errors.*/

/* Control Register parameters, valid for bit operations. */

#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_CNT_RESET_CMD (0x00)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_CNT_ILOOP_CMD (0x01)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_CNT_AOPT_CMD (0x02) /* Write */
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_CNT_INT2CFG_CMD (0x07)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_CNT_INTVEC_CMD (0x08)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_CNT_INT_EN_CMD (0x0d)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_CNT_INT_LOC_CMD (0x0e)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_CNT_CLK_DIR_CMD (0x0f)

```

```

#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_CNT_CLK_DIV_CMD      (0x10) /* Write */
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_CNT_CLK_MOD_CMD      (0x15)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_CNT_TX_FAST_CMD      (0x15u)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_CNT_RTM_SELECT_CMD   (0x16u)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_CNT_RTM_VALIDWR_CMD (0x17u)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_CNT_RTM_SAMPLE_CMD   (0x18u)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_CNT_CLK_SLKPU_CMD    (0x1e) /* Write */
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_CNT_PMEM_CMD         (0x1f) /* Write */

```

/* Status Register parameters, valid for bit operations. */

```

#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_STS_LINK              (0x00)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_STS_MPEND            (0x01)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_STS_SPEND            (0x02)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_STS_NFEMP0           (0x03)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_STS_NFEMP1           (0x04)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_STS_NFEMP2           (0x05)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_STS_NFEMP3           (0x06)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_STS_LERR             (0x07)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_STS_RERR             (0x08)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_STS_OFLOW            (0x09)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_STS_IFLOW            (0x0A)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_STS_RTM              (0x0Bu)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_STS_RTM_VAL          (0x0Cu)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_STS_SWIDOUT          (0x14)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_STS_MODESUP          (0x15)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_STS_SWIDIN           (0x18)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_STS_SWIDTH           (0x18)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_STS_DEBUG            (0x1d)

```

/* VLYNQ Registers */

```

#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_REVISION_REG         (0x00)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_CONTROL_REG          (0x04)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_STATUS_REG           (0x08)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_INT_PRIOR_REG        (0x0c)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_INT_STS_REG          (0x10)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_INT_PEND_REG         (0x14)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_INT_PTR_REG          (0x18)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_TX_MAP_REG           (0x1c)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_RX1_SZ_REG           (0x20)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_RX1_OFF_REG          (0x24)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_RX2_SZ_REG           (0x28)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_RX2_OFF_REG          (0x2c)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_RX3_SZ_REG           (0x30)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_RX3_OFF_REG          (0x34)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_RX4_SZ_REG           (0x38)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_RX4_OFF_REG          (0x3c)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_CVR_REG              (0x40)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_AUTO_NEG_REG         (0x44)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_MAN_NEG_REG          (0x48)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_NEG_STS_REG          (0x4c)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_ENDIAN_REG          (0x4c)
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_IVR30_REG           (0x60)

```

```
#define PAL_VLYNQ_IOCTL_IVR74_REG          (0x64)
```

```
/* Dumping options, not part of ioctl options. */
```

```
#define PAL_VLYNQ_DUMP_ALL_ROOT           (0x10000)
```

```
#define PAL_VLYNQ_DUMP_RAW_DATA          (0x20000)
```

```
#define PAL_VLYNQ_DUMP_ALL_REGS          (0x30000)
```

```
#define PAL_VLYNQ_DUMP_STS_REG           (0x00008)
```

```
#define PAL_VLYNQ_DUMP_CNTL_REG          (0x00004)
```

3.5 Dependency of Sample application:

Following Components needs to be linked for successful build and functionality of the application.

- VLYNQ
- PAL_OS
- SoC specific PAL_SYS
- EDMA3