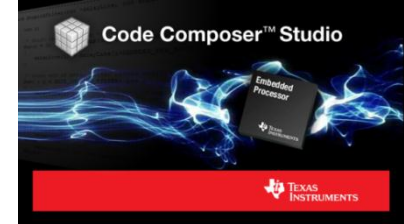




# Code Composer Studio v5 Workshop

# What is Code Composer Studio?



- **Integrated development environment for TI embedded processors**
  - Includes debugger, compiler, editor, operating system...
  - The IDE is built on the Eclipse open source software framework
  - Extended by TI to support device capabilities
- **CCSv5 is based on “off the shelf” Eclipse**
  - Going forward CCS will use unmodified versions of Eclipse
    - TI contributes changes directly to the open source community
  - Drop in Eclipse plug-ins from other vendors or take TI tools and drop them into an existing Eclipse environment
  - Users can take advantage of all the latest improvements in Eclipse
- **Integrate additional tools**
  - OS application development tools (Linux, Android...)
  - Code analysis, source control...

# Upgraded user interface for fast, intuitive and easy development

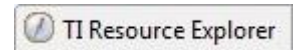
## Simplified user interface

shows developers what and when features are needed.



## Resource Explorer

facilitates use of example code.



## Development tools

for Windows and now Linux operating systems.\*



## Eclipse open source framework 3.7

enables customization via latest third-party plug-ins.



## Video tutorials

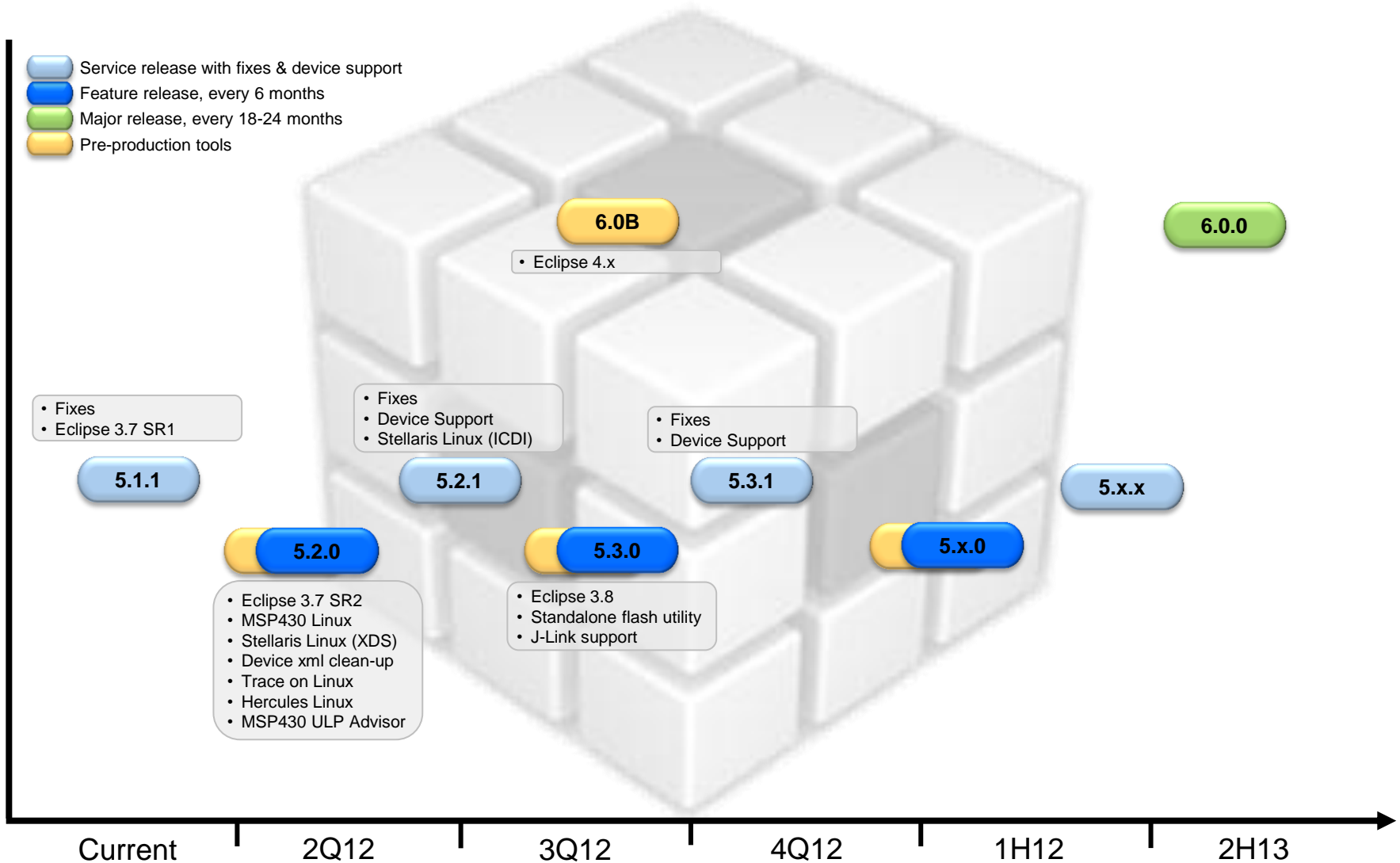
explain how to get the most out of features.



\*MSP430, Stellaris MCU support available early 2012

# Code Composer Studio™ Roadmap

- Service release with fixes & device support
- Feature release, every 6 months
- Major release, every 18-24 months
- Pre-production tools



# Pricing



- **Free**

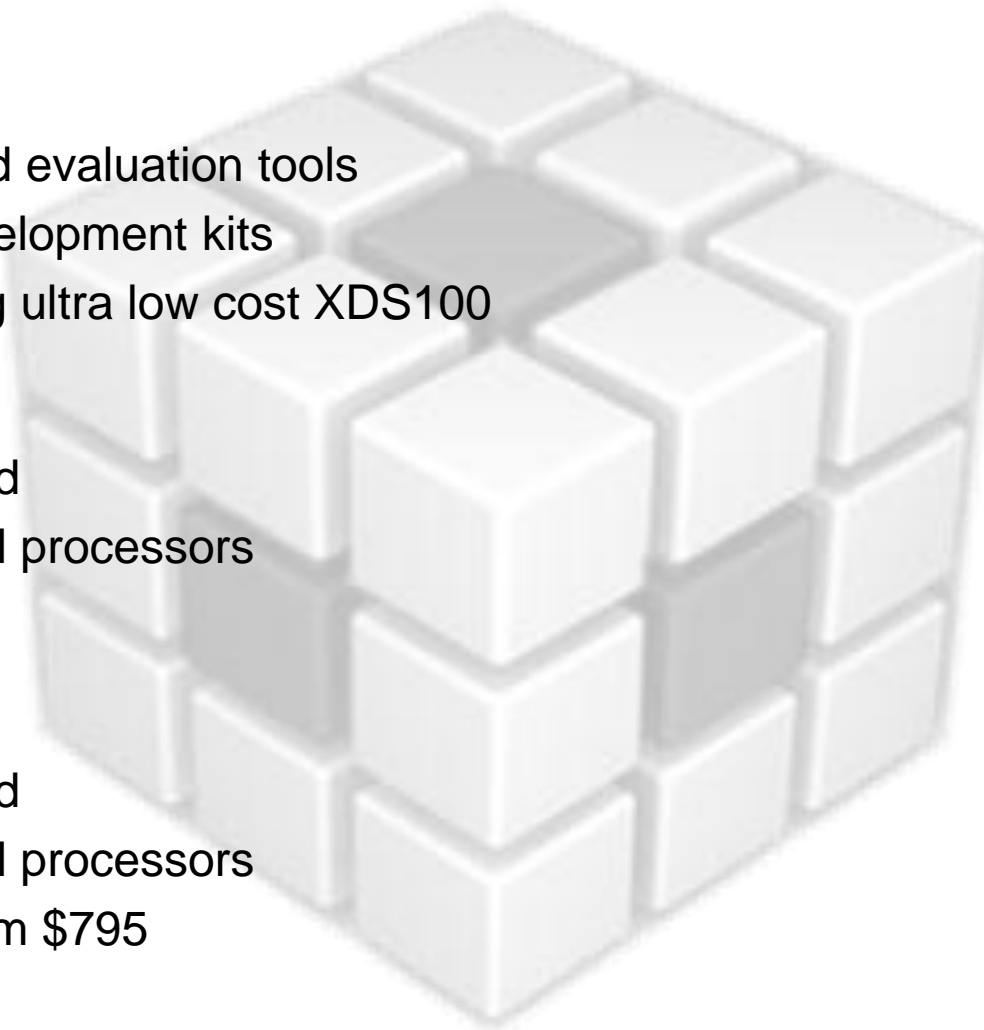
- Time limited evaluation tools
- Tied to development kits
- When using ultra low cost XDS100

- **Node locked**

- Full featured
- Supports all processors
- \$495

- **Floating**

- Full featured
- Supports all processors
- Starting from \$795



# TI Software Support



- **Submitting issues**
  - All questions, issues and enhancement requests should be submitted using the [e2e Community Forums](#)
- **Benefits of forums**
  - Connects users directly with the engineers developing & supporting TI products
  - Access an extensive knowledge base on TI products
- **Software related forums**
  - [Development Tools](#)
    - Any issues questions related to [Code Composer Studio](#) (CCS) or [TI compilers](#)
  - [Embedded Software](#)
    - [Linux](#), [Android](#), [WinCE](#), [BIOS](#) and [Codecs](#) forums
- **Before posting a question check if it is already answered**
  - Check the FAQs and topics on the [Embedded Processing Mediawiki](#)
  - Search the e2e forums
- **Check status of issues**
  - Use [SDOWP](#) to see what release an issue will be addressed as well as the list of issues fixed in specific releases



# **GETTING STARTED WITH CCSV5 AND AM3359 BEAGLEBONE**



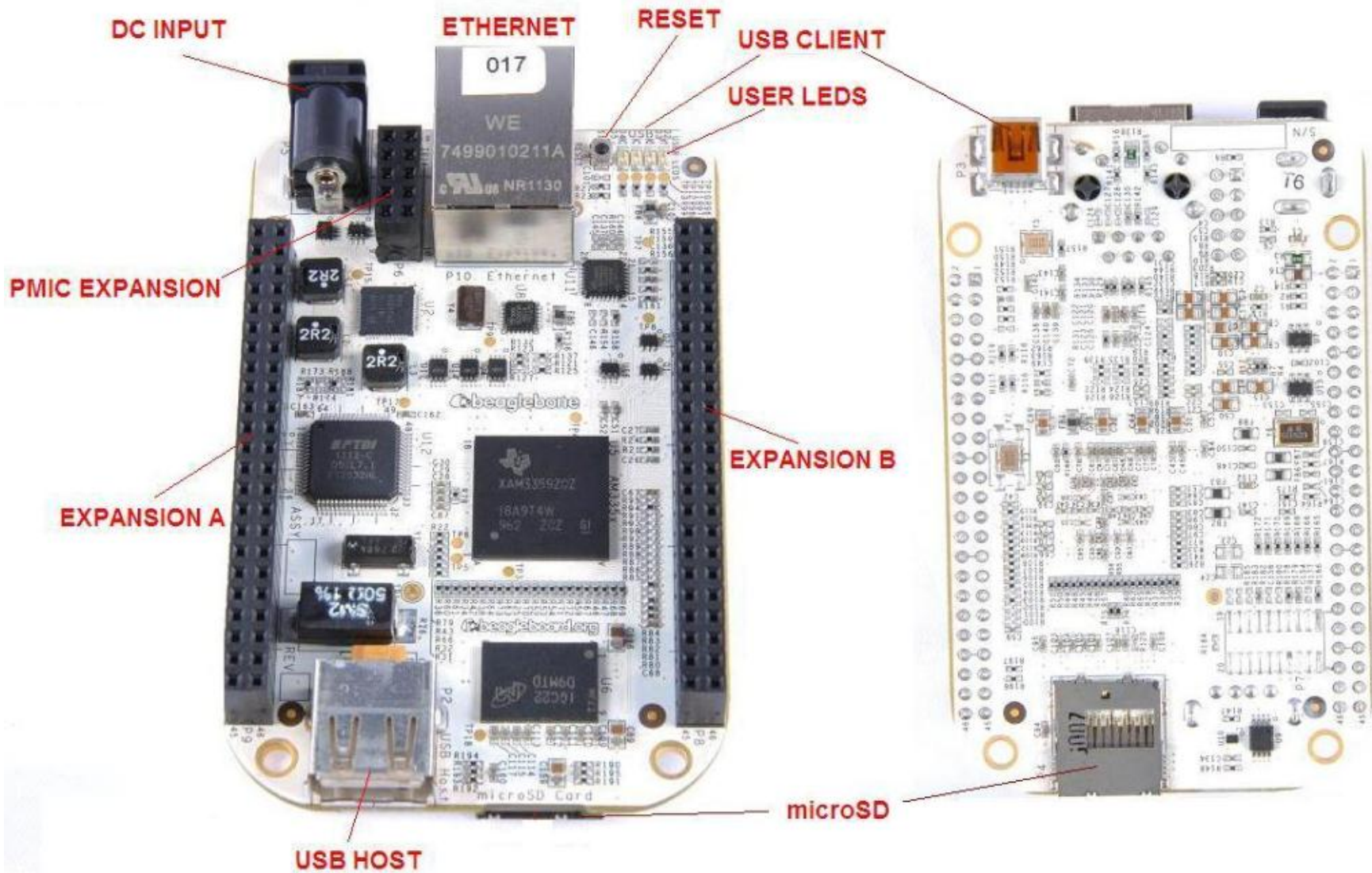
# What is AM3359 Beaglebone?

- AM3359 Cortex A8 microprocessor
- Quick and easy evaluation of all of the advanced capabilities of the community board for just \$89
- Multiple graphical development platforms for easy development (Cloud9, GateOne, CCS)
- Fits in an Altoids box!
- On-board emulation, access to several I/O pins (ADC, PWM, UART, I<sup>2</sup>C, SPI, etc.)
- Main website: <http://www.beagleboard.org>
  - Detailed example software and documentation
  - Complete hardware schematics and board files



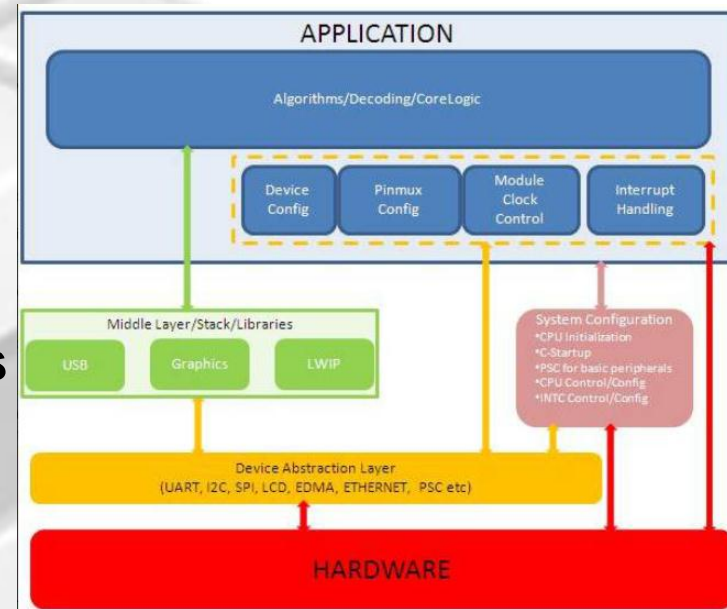


# AM3359 BeagleBone



# What is Starterware?

- A quick and easy way to start development without a High level Operating System (Linux, WinCE, etc.)
- Contains example code for several peripherals (GPIO, UART, Ethernet, RTC, etc.)
- Supports multiple development platforms (CCS, IAR, GCC)
- Supports several processors:
  - C6748, OMAPL138, AM1808, AM335x
- Can be downloaded free at:  
<http://processors.wiki.ti.com/index.php/StarterWare>





# **GPIO LED BLINK EXAMPLE: BASIC PROJECT DEBUGGING**

# GPIO LED Blink Example: Exercise Summary

- **Key Objectives**

- Create and build a simple program to blink USR2 LED (D4)
- Start a debug session and load/flash the program on the BeagleBone
- Run the program to blink USR2 LED

- **Tools and Concepts Covered**

- Workspaces
- Welcome screen / Resource Explorer
- Project concepts
- Basics of working with views
- Debug launch
- Debug control
- Profile Clock
- Local History
- Build Properties
- Changing compiler versions



# **LAB 1: GPIOLEDBLINK EXAMPLE**

**30 MINUTES**

Open CCS and select the default workspace  
You can close the TI Resource Explorer View (it will not be used)



# SHARING PROJECTS



# Sharing Projects

- **Sharing “Simple” projects (all source/header files are contained in the project folder)**
- **Sharing “Linked file” projects and all source (project uses linked files)**
- **Sharing “Linked file” projects only (no source)**
  - Only the project folder is shared (person receiving project already has all source)
  - Effort involves making the project “portable”
    - Eliminate absolute paths in the project
  - **This is the most common use case**



# Sharing Projects – Simple Projects

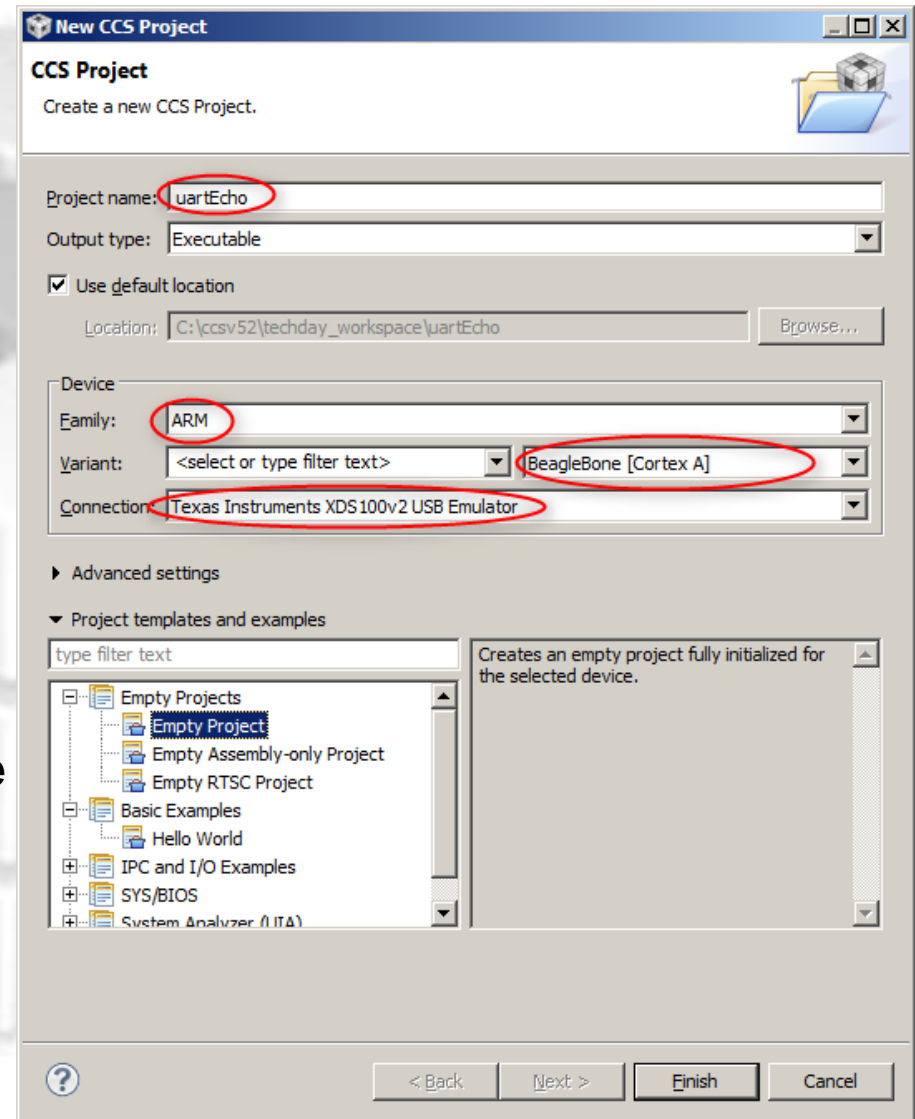
- **USE CASE**: Wish to share (give) a project folder and all needed source files to build the project. All source files are inside the project folder.
- **Easy to share projects with no linked files:**
  - The entire project folder can be distributed to another “as-is”
  - The user who receives the project can import it into their workspace going to menu *Project* → *Import Existing CCE/CCS Project* and selecting the copied folder
  - Works well for simple projects that only reference files inside the project folder

# Sharing Projects – “Linked file” Projects

- **USE CASE(S):**
  - Wish to share (give) a project folder only. The person receiving the project file already has a copy of the source files
  - Wish to check the project folder/files into source control
- **Most use cases involve sharing JUST the projects instead of bundling all the source files**
  - People will have their own local copies of the source files
- **Need to make the project portable to make sure the project is easily shared**
- **Portable projects avoid any absolute paths**
- **Ideal portable projects should be usable without modifying any of the project files**
  - This is ideal for projects maintained in source control

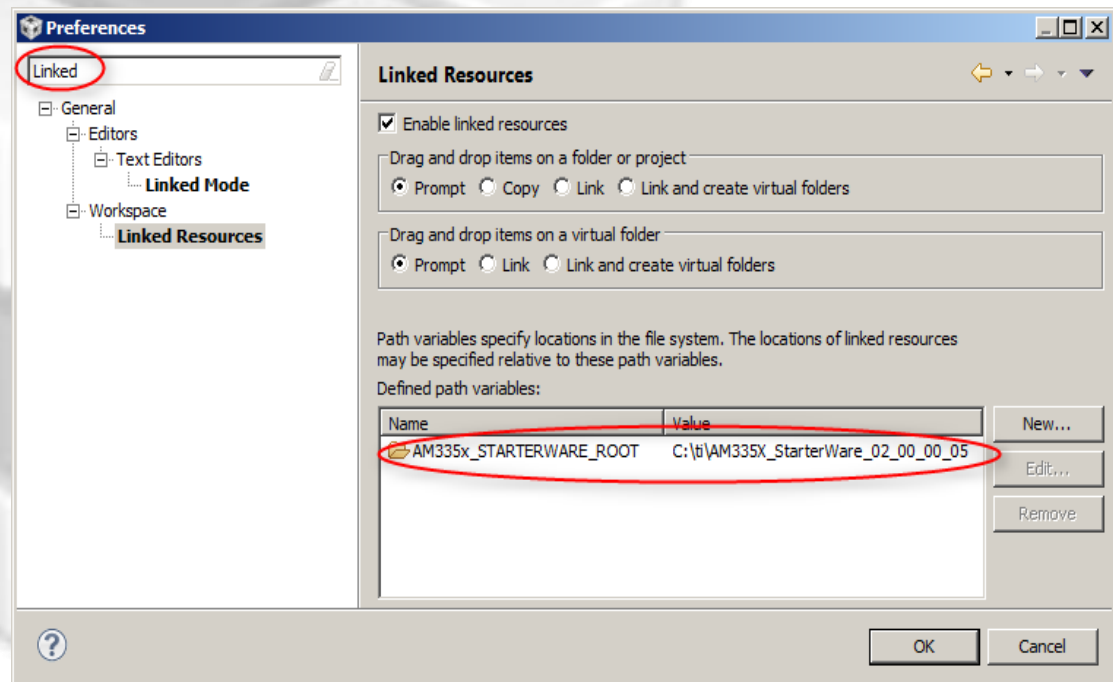
# Create a New Project

- A shared project is created the same way as a regular project
- Launch the *New CCS Project Wizard*
  - Go to menu File → New → CCS Project
- Fill in the fields as shown in the right
- Click *Finish* when done
- Generated project will appear in the Project Explorer view
- Remove the generated files <main.c> and <AM3358.cmd> from the project



# Create a Linked Resource Path Variable

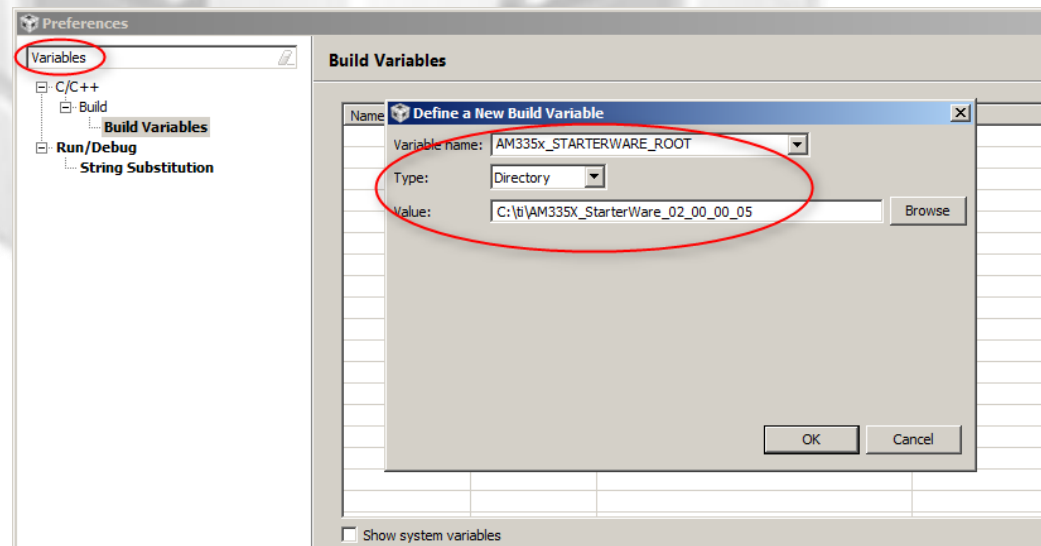
- Here we will create the Linked Resource Path Variable which will be used when linking source files (resources) to the project
- Open the workspace preferences
  - Menu *Window* → *Preferences*
- Go to the **Linked Resources** preferences
  - Type 'Linked' in the filter field to make it easier to find
- Use the **New** button to create a 'Linked Resource Variable' (AM335x\_STARTERWARE\_ROOT) that points to the root location of the AM335x StarterWare directory



C:\ti\AM335X\_StarterWare\_02\_00\_00\_06

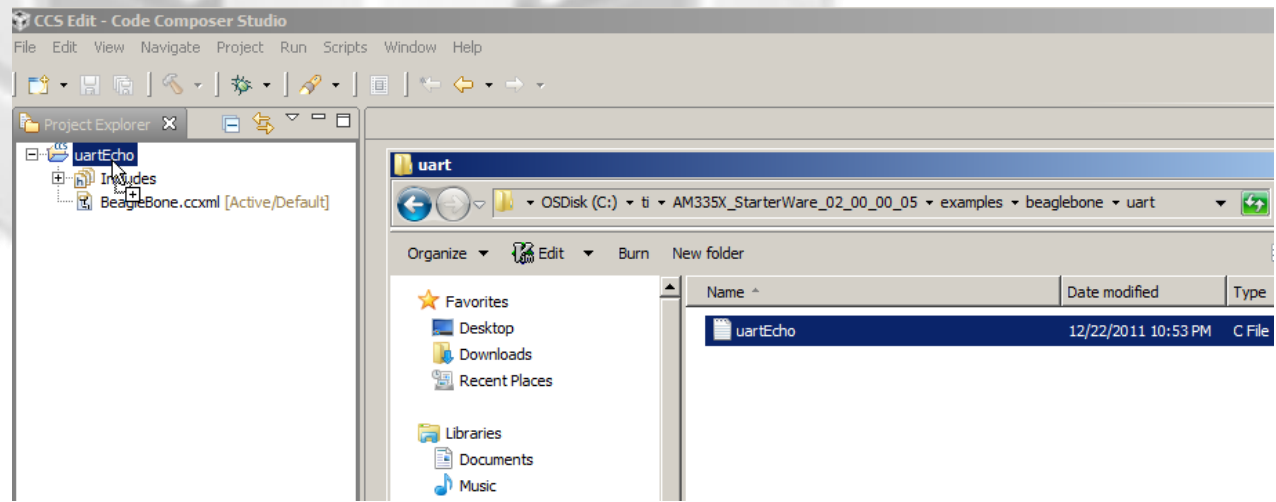
# Create a Build Variable

- Here we will create the Build Variable which will be used when setting the project's compiler and linker options
- Go to the **Build Variables** preferences
  - Type 'Variables' in the filter field to make it easier to find
- **Build Variables** allow you to use variables in the project properties
  - Linked Resource variables are only used for linked files
- Use the **Add** button to create a 'Build Variable' (AM335x\_STARTERWARE\_ROOT) that points to the root location of the AM335x StarterWare directory
- Hit **OK** when done



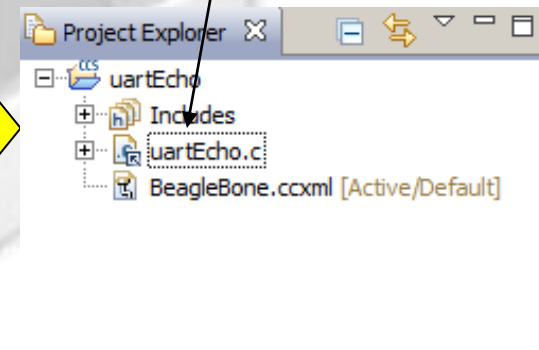
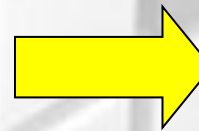
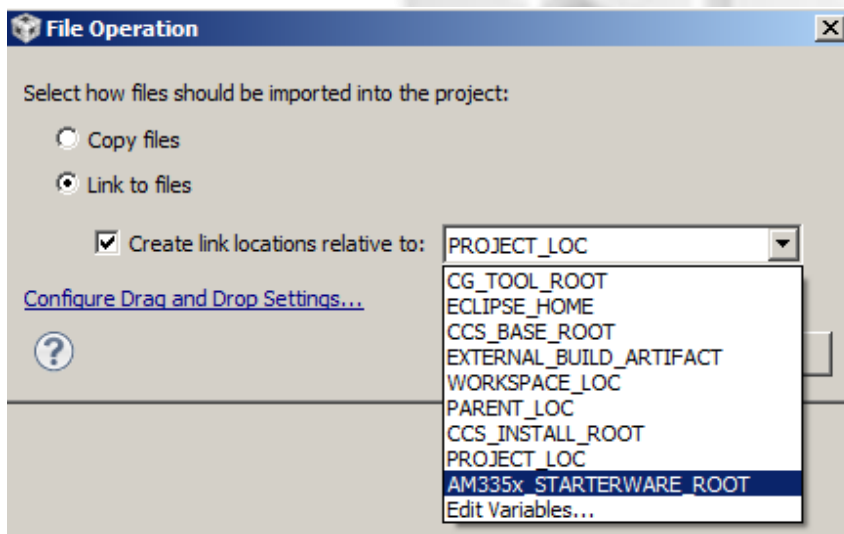
# Link Source Files to Project

- Here we will link the source file relative to the Linked Resource Path Variable previously created
- Open Windows Explorer and browse to:
  - C:\ti\AM335X\_StarterWare\_02\_00\_00\_06\examples\beaglebone\uart
  - Drag and drop the following file into the new project in the CCS Project Explorer view
    - <uartEcho.c>



# Link Source Files to Project

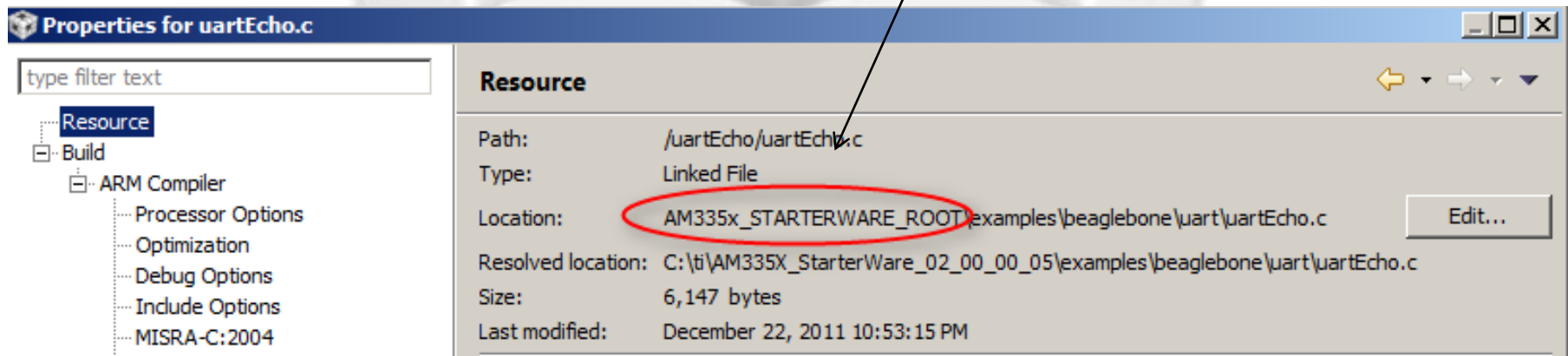
- A dialog will appear asking if you wish to Copy or Link the files:
  - Select *Link to files*
  - Select *Create link locations relative to:*
    - Use the new Linked Resource variable we created (**AM335x\_STARTERWARE\_ROOT**)
  - Hit *OK*
- Files will now appear in the Project Explorer with the 'link' icon





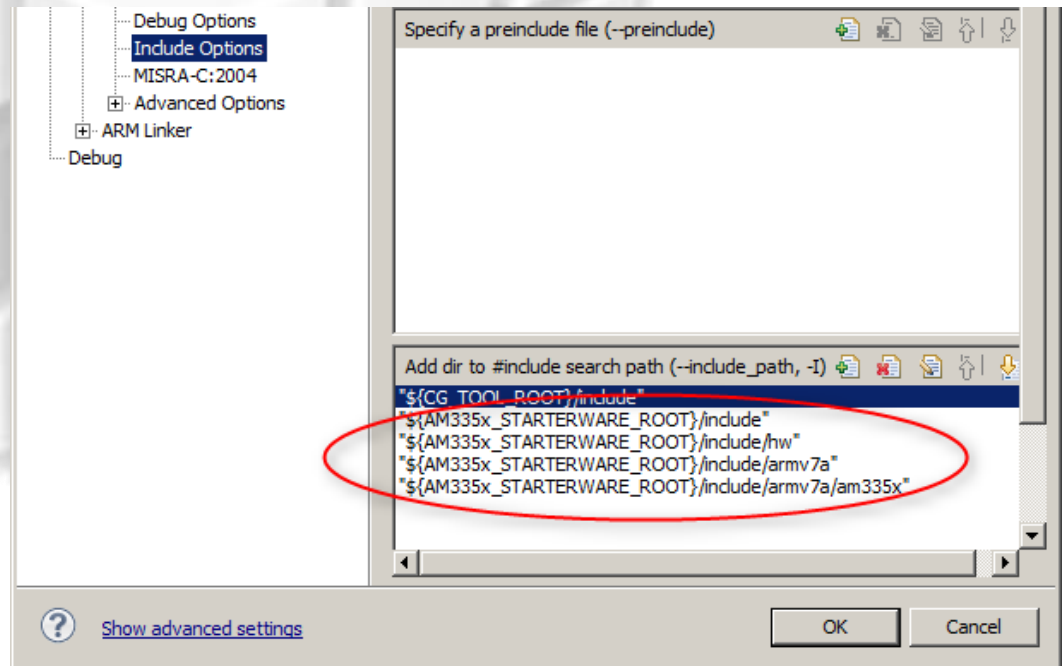
# Link Files to Project

- Right-click on the C source file and check the *Properties*
  - See how the *Location* parameter references the Linked Resource Variable



# Modifying Project Properties

- Here we are adding paths to include files using the Build Variable
- Right-click on the project and select *Properties*
- In the compiler *Include Options*, add the following entries to the list of include search paths:
  - `${AM335x_STARTERWARE_ROOT}/include`
  - `${AM335x_STARTERWARE_ROOT}/include/hw`
  - `${AM335x_STARTERWARE_ROOT}/include/armv7a`
  - `${AM335x_STARTERWARE_ROOT}/include/armv7a/am335x`
- Click **OK**
- ‘`${<BUILD VARIABLE>}`’ is the syntax to use a Build Variable in the project properties
- **WARNING:** Linked Resource Path Variables are only used when linking source files to a project. They cannot be used for build options. Use Build Variables when modifying build options



# Project vs Workspace Level Variables

- ***Linked Resource Path Variables* and *Build Variables* can be set at the project level**
- **This current lab set these variables at the workspace level**
- **What is the benefit of setting these variables at the workspace level instead of the project level?**
  - All projects can reuse the same variable (set it once)
  - Do not need to modify the project!
    - This is important for projects checked into source control and to avoid constant checkouts so the project can be written to!



# **UART ECHO EXAMPLE: PORTABLE PROJECT**

# UART Echo Example: Exercise Summary

- **Key Objectives**

- Create a new portable project based on the UART Echo example
- Create workspace level variables for the project
- Link files to the project using variables
- Configure build properties using variables
- Validate project by building, loading and running the program

- **Tools and Concepts Covered**

- Portable Projects
- Linked resources
- Linked resource path variables
- Build variables

# Questions?



# **LAB 2: UART ECHO EXAMPLE**

**30 MINUTES**

Please refer to the file C:\TI\Cheat\_sheet.txt for paths for the variables